Breakout Session 6: Track B

Using Ancestry-Agnostic Approaches for Genome-Wide Association Studies and Polygenic Risk Scores

> Dr. Matteo D'Antonio Assistant Professor, UC San Diego





Using ancestry-agnostic approaches for genome-wide association studies and polygenic risk scores

Matteo D'Antonio, Division of Biomedical Informatics, UC San Diego

Supplement award: Exploring the Ethics and Utility of Ancestry-Agnostic Approaches to Address Equity and Diversity Issues in Genome-Wide Association Studies

(PI Lucila Ohno-Machado, HG011558)



Project summary

- Overarching goals:
 - Improve the utility of genome science for all populations living in the United States
 - Make GWAS more informative for individuals of diverse backgrounds
 - Enhance equity in the distribution of benefits from genetics research
- Aim 1: Develop a novel ancestry-agnostic haplotyping method for improving GWAS and PRS accuracy (Matteo D'Antonio)
- Aim 2: Determine the feasibility of ancestry-agnostic approaches for GWAS and PRS research (Ramya Rajagopalan)

GWAS: genome-wide association studies PRS: polygenic risk scores

Research outputs

- Manuscripts
 - D'Antonio et al. Fine mapping spatiotemporal mechanisms of genetic variants underlying cardiac traits and disease (*Nat Comm* 2023)
 - Massarat A et al. Haptools: a toolkit for admixture and haplotype analysis (*Bioinformatics* 2023)
 - Nguyen et al. Complex regulatory networks influence pluripotent cell state transitions in human iPSCs (*Nat Comm* 2024)
 - Rajagopalan R et al. Enhancing Equity in Genomics: Incorporating Measures of Structural Racism and Discrimination as Social Determinants of Health within Genomics Research (*CERA-Hastings*, submitted)
 - D'Antonio M et al. Using an ancestry-agnostic approach to improve polygenic risk scores for breast cancer (in preparation)
- Conferences:
 - D'Antonio M et al. Chronic Kidney Disease and Kidney Function Genome-Wide Association Study Reveals Population-Specific Associations (*ASHG* 2023) – poster
 - D'Antonio M et al. Identifying variants associated with creatinine and cystatin C serum levels in the top 1% of the population provides insight into the genetic architecture of kidney function and chronic kidney disease (*MarketsAndMarkets* 2024) oral presentation
 - Rajagopalan R et al. From Accounting for Race to Accounting for Racism: Strategies for Reimagining the Utility and Benefits of Genomics Research for Diverse Communities (*ELSIcon2024*, June 2024) poster

We are all admixed



Updated: July 22, 2022 🚯

See all tested populations

23andMe

The American population is admixed



1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13		European	99.7%
14		Northwestern European	47.4%
15		French & German	25.7%
16		Finnish	18,1%
17		 British & Irish 	0.5%
18		Broadly Northwestern European	3 196
19		Couthern European	33.1%
20		Southern European	33.1%
21	400000-	Greek & Balkan	33.1%
22		Eastern European	17.3%
		Broadly European	1.9%
		Trace Ancestry	0.2%
		Unassigned	0.1%

No Data Available

1		
2	 	
3		
4		
5	-	
6		
7	European	76.7%
8	Northwestern European	49.0%
9	 British & Irish 	48.7%
10	Broadly Northwestern European	0.3%
11	Southern European	26.8%
12	Spanish & Portuguese	21.5%
13	• Italian	1.2%
14	Broadly Southern European	4.1%
15	Ashkenazi Jewish	0.5%
16	Broadly European	0.4%
17	Indigenous American	19.2%
18	Indigenous American	19.2%
19	Western Asian & North African	1.8%
20	Arab, Egyptian & Levantine	1.0%
21	 Equation 	1.0%
22	 Lgyptian North African 	0.20
	North African	0.2%
	Broadly Western Asian & North African	0.6%
	Sub-Saharan African	1.4%

LD structure changes between populations

HLA-DQB1: AFR





HLA-DQB1: EUR



LD = linkage disequilibrium

Stratify individuals based on disease risk



Risk

Genome-wide association studies (GWAS)



Multiethnic local genotype PCA improves polygenic risk scores for breast cancer

- Investigate the differences in breast cancer risk across populations
 - UCSD Epic EHR data
 - UK Biobank
- Perform a multiethnic GWAS
 - UK Biobank
- Develop local genotype PCA (IPCA) GWAS
- Test changes in PRS between standard and IPCA GWAS
 - UK Biobank
 - All Of Us

Individuals of European ancestry have higher incidence and a later age at diagnosis



Multiethnic GWAS on the UK Biobank identifies 27 signals in 18 loci



$$p_i = \frac{1}{1 - exp(\beta_j X_{ij} + \sum_{p=1}^{P} \gamma_p C_{ip} + \epsilon_{ij})}$$

1

$$p_i$$
 = probability of breast cancer for individual i

 β_j = effect size (fixed effect) of SNP *j*

 X_{ij} = genotype of individual i at SNP j

 C_{ip} = value of the p^{th} covariate for individual i

 γ_p = effect size of the p^{th} covariate ϵ_{ij} is the error term for individual i at

SNP j

 p_i = probability of breast cancer for individual i β_{jk} = effect size (fixed effect) of dimension k in haplotype block j D_{ijk} = Value of individual i for dimension kin haplotype block j C_{ip} = value of the p^{th} covariate for individual i γ_p = effect size of the p^{th} covariate ϵ_{ij} is the error term for individual i at haplotype block j

Our proposed approach

 $p_i = \frac{1}{1 - exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^{K} \beta_{jk} D_{ijk} + \sum_{p=1}^{P} \gamma_p C_{ip} + \epsilon_{ij}\right)}$

Polygenic risk scores improve when using IPCA

- Standard GWAS: PRS calculated using pruning and thresholding (PLINK)
- IPCA: PRS calculated using the IPC with the strongest effect at each locus
- Tested different p-value thresholds



Summary and next steps

• EUR individuals have a higher breast cancer risk at a later age

• IPCA GWAS improves PRS calculation

Hypothesis: rich individuals have better access to care and are more likely to undergo hormone therapies, which may affect cancer risk

Combine SNPs with IPCA into PRS

Add environmental, lifestyle and SDOH factors to PRS

Combine all into a new PRS model

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